

IN THE CLAIMS:

1 1. (Currently Amended) A method of creating multiple spanning trees within a
2 computer network, each spanning tree defining a loop-free path among a plurality of in-
3 termediate devices within the network, the network configured with a plurality of virtual
4 local area network (VLAN) designations, the method comprising the steps of:
5 receiving a plurality of multiple instance spanning tree protocol bridge protocol
6 data unit (MI-STP BPDU) messages at one or more of the intermediate devices from re-
7 maining ones of the intermediate devices, each MI-STP BPDU containing a spanning tree
8 instance identifier;
9 processing the received MI-STP BPDU messages at the one or more intermediate
10 devices so as to define a loop-free path for each spanning tree instance identifier;
11 mapping, in response to defining a loop-free path for each spanning tree instance
12 identifier, each VLAN designation of the computer network to a spanning tree instance
13 identifier; and
14 distributing messages tagged with a given VLAN designation across the loop-free
15 path for the spanning tree instance identifier to which the given VLAN designation is
16 mapped.

1 2. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of configuring
2 one or more intermediate devices with the spanning tree instance identifiers for the com-
3 puter network.

1 3. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of configuring
2 one or more intermediate devices with the mapping of VLAN designations to spanning
3 tree instance identifiers.

1 4. (Original) The method of claim 3 wherein the step of configuring is performed
2 by a VLAN distribution protocol.

1 5. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein the VLAN distribution protocol is
2 the VLAN Trunk Protocol (VTP).

1 6. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of processing received MI-
2 STP BPDU messages comprises the steps of:
3 electing a root device for each spanning tree instance;
4 identifying a root port at each intermediate device for each spanning tree instance,
5 each root port providing a lowest cost path to the root device of the respective spanning
6 tree instance;
7 identifying zero, one or more designated ports at each intermediate device for
8 each spanning tree instance; and
9 transitioning the root port and each designated port for each spanning tree in-
10 stance at the intermediate devices to a forwarding spanning tree port state.

1 7. (Original) The method of claim 6 further comprising the step of transitioning
2 all non-root and non-designated ports for each spanning tree instance to a blocking span-
3 ning tree port state.

1 8. (Original) The method of claim 7 further comprising the step of, in response to
2 receiving a conventional configuration BPDU message at a given intermediate device,
3 forwarding the conventional configuration BPDU message from all designated ports of
4 the intermediate device for a selected spanning tree instance.

1 9. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein at least one MI-STP BPDU message
2 for a given spanning tree instance has a VLAN mapping message unit that includes each
3 VLAN designation mapped to the given spanning tree instance.

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1 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein each MI-STP BPDU message in-
2 cludes a destination service access point (DSAP) that contains a value other than the
3 DSAP value specified in the IEEE 802.1D standard for configuration BPDU messages so
4 that MI-STP BPDU messages received by legacy intermediate devices are dropped and
5 not processed.

1 11. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of blocking traf-
2 fic associated with a VLAN designation that is mapped to more than one spanning tree
3 instance.

1 12. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising the steps of waiting a
2 preselected time before distributing messages tagged with a given VLAN designation to
3 confirm that the VLAN mapping is correct.

1 13. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the VLAN mapping is considered
2 correctly mapped provided that no MI-STP BPDUs are received within the preselected
3 time that map the given VLAN designation to either a different spanning tree instance
4 identifier or to no spanning tree instance identifier.

1 14. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the preselected time is a forward
2 delay time specified in the MI-STP BPDU.

1 15. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of tunneling un-
2 tagged IEEE bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) messages utilizing the loop-free path of a
3 preselected spanning tree instance identifier.

1 16. (Original) The method of claim 15 wherein the step of tunneling comprises
2 the step of forwarding the IEEE BPDU message unmodified from each intermediate de-
3 vice port that is in the forwarding state for the preselected spanning tree instance identi-
4 fier other than the port on which the IEEE BPDU message was received.

1 17. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising the steps of:
2 examining a topology change (TC) flag of IEEE BPDU messages received at a
3 given intermediate device; and
4 for each spanning tree instance for which the given intermediate device is the
5 root, setting a TC flag of the MI-STP BPDU messages sourced by the given intermediate
6 device as the root.

1 18. (Original) The method of claim 15 further comprising the step of tunneling
2 un-tagged IEEE Topology Change Notification (TCN) messages utilizing the loop-free
3 path of the preselected spanning tree instance identifier.

1 19. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of tunneling
2 BPDU messages that are tagged with a given VLAN designation along the loop-free path
3 established for the spanning tree instance to which the given VLAN designation is
4 mapped.

1 20. (Original) The method of claim 19 further comprising the steps of:
2 examining a topology change (TC) flag of BPDU messages tagged with a VLAN
3 designated and received at a given intermediate device; and
4 provided that the given intermediate device is the root for the spanning tree in-
5 stance to which the VLAN of the BPDU message is mapped, setting a TC flag of the MI-
6 STP BPDU messages sourced by the given intermediate device the spanning tree in-
7 stance.

1 21. (Original) The method of claim 19 further comprising the step of tunneling
2 IEEE Topology Change Notification (TCN) messages tagged with the given VLAN des-
3 ignation along the loop-free path established for the spanning tree instance to which the
4 given VLAN designation is mapped.

1 22. (Currently Amended) An intermediate device for use in a computer network
2 having a plurality of virtual local area network (VLAN) designations, the intermediate
3 device comprising:

4 a plurality of ports for use in interconnecting the intermediate device to the com-
5 puter network;

6 a spanning tree engine in communicating relationship with the plurality of ports,
7 wherein the spanning tree engine is configured to:

8 generate and send from the plurality of ports one or more multiple instance
9 spanning tree protocol bridge protocol data unit (MI-STP BPDU) messages, each
10 MI-STP BPDU containing a spanning tree instance identifier; and

11 process received MI-STP BPDU message so as to cooperate in establish-
12 ing a loop-free path for each spanning tree instance identifier; and

13 a VLAN association engine for mapping, in response to defining a loop-free path
14 for each spanning tree instance identifier, each VLAN designation to a spanning tree in-
15 stance identifier so that messages tagged with a given VLAN designation may be for-
16 warding along the loop-free path established for the spanning tree instance identifier to
17 which the given VLAN designation is mapped.

1 23. (Original) The intermediate device of claim 22 further comprising at least one
2 memory structure configured to store the mapping of VLAN designations to spanning
3 tree instances.

1 24. (Original) The intermediate device of claim 23 further comprising a plurality
2 of state machines, each state machine associated with a spanning tree instance and con-

3 figured to transition the ports of the device among a plurality of spanning tree port states,
4 including a blocking, a listening, a learning and a forwarding spanning tree port state, in
5 response to the processing of received MI-STP BPDU messages by the spanning tree en-
6 gine.

1 25. (Original) The intermediate device of claim 23 further comprising means for
2 blocking messages tagged with a given VLAN designation upon determining that the
3 given VLAN is mapped to zero or more than one spanning tree instance.

1 26. (Currently Amended) A computer readable medium containing executable
2 program instructions for creating multiple spanning trees within a computer network,
3 each spanning tree defining a loop-free path among a plurality of intermediate devices
4 within the network, the network configured with a plurality of virtual local area network
5 (VLAN) designations, the executable program instructions comprising steps for:
6 processing received multiple instance spanning tree protocol bridge protocol data
7 unit (MI-STP BPDU) messages, each MI-STP BPDU containing a spanning tree instance
8 identifier, so as to define a loop-free path for each spanning tree instance identifier;
9 mapping, in response to defining a loop-free path for each spanning tree instance
10 identifier, each VLAN designation of the computer network to a spanning tree instance
11 identifier; and
12 distributing messages tagged with a given VLAN designation across the loop-free
13 path for the spanning tree instance identifier to which the given VLAN designation is
14 mapped.

1 27. (Currently Amended) An intermediate device for use in a computer network
2 having a plurality of virtual local area network (VLAN) designations, the intermediate
3 device comprising:
4 a plurality of ports for use in interconnecting the intermediate device to the com-
5 puter network;

6 means for generating and sending from the plurality of ports one or more multiple
7 instance spanning tree protocol bridge protocol data unit (MI-STP BPDU) messages,
8 each MI-STP BPDU containing a spanning tree instance identifier;
9 means for processing received MI-STP BPDU message so to transition the ports
10 among a plurality of spanning tree port states, including blocking, listening, learning and
11 forwarding states, for each spanning tree instance;
12 means for mapping, in response to defining a loop-free path for each spanning
13 tree instance identifier, each VLAN designation to a spanning tree instance identifier;
14 and
15 means for forwarding messages tagged with a given VLAN designation from
16 ports in the forwarding spanning tree port state for the spanning tree instance to which the
17 given VLAN designation is mapped.